MR. BELMONT ON THE ISSUES.

HE TELLS WHY HE TOOK HIS STAND AT

annot be profitably employed in the locality, thern and Western Populists and sliverites plain because the money is not sent West and th, but who is responsible for and can remedy? Certainly not Wall Street or Congress, ler our readern customs money is collected in rvoirs. A sound reservoir drains the surround-country. It is immaterial whether or not the rvoir is called a bank. The great money ree of a country drains the local reservoirs and money is still owned by individuals in the littles.

the money is still owner by increasing the money in conditions. It is only on trust in New-York to be invested and loaned. Agents of the owners manage the money. Thus the "money power" is not local, but really National and made up of individual savings and contributions everywhere.

What is desired is a revival of our industries and enterprises and for that credit is the one thing needfal. The distrust of those now having idle capital to invest must be removed.

At the final analys's of the conditions in which our country now is comes the critical question. How

At the final analysis of the conditions in which our country now is comes the critical question. How shall we vote next November? I shall not presume to suggest to any one how he should exercise his privilege of voting. My own conclusion is definite and fixed. It is to vote the electoral ticket which I tope will be in the field standing for a Democratic tandidate for President in whose unflinching courage and loyalty to the gold unit of value as prescribed by the law of 1873 and to Democratic principles I can have the most implicit confidence.

NORTHERN PACIFIC REORGANIZATION.

W. WINTER WILL BE PRESIDENT OF THE NEW

Chicago, July 24.-At a meeting in Milwaukee yeserests in the Northern Pacific Railroad litigation. It was announced that E. W. Winter, president of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad, had been selected for president of the Northem Pacific as it will be reorganized by the corporation which is to buy it in at auction sale. The wyers left Milwaukee last evening for West Suerior, where the public sale of the road will take

The property, equipment and franchise will be bid off by the committee representing the reorganized. of all the four issues of bonds. The capitalization of the new company is \$19,000,000. Its bonds will bear 2 and 4 per cent interest, according to classification, run for 100 years and be payable in gold. After the sale of the road, Master in Chancery Cary will go West over the line and sell lands remaining in the possession of the company from its and grants.

A check for \$77,752 was handed State Treasurer Koorner at St. Paul yesterday in consideration of poration of the reorganized Northern Pacific. The

B. AND O. INTEREST PAYMENTS. Baltimore, July 24.—The receivers of the Baltibore and Ohio Railroad will pay out over half a million dollars on August 1, in semi-annual interest charges, due on the bonds of the Company. These Ayments will include all the interest payable on hat date by the Baltimore and Ohio, and there b to be no default. The payments are: Baltimore 604 Onic Pittsburg Division 5 per cent loan of priscipal, £0,000,000, semi-annual interest, £20,-Baltimore and Ohio consolidated mortgage 5 r cent loan, principal, \$11,986,000; semi-annual in-

THE RATE WAR IN THE SOUTH. anta, July 24.—The Executive Board of the them Traffic Association appointed a committee to formulate a policy and report on the war now in progress. The committee has sended a sweeping cut of 30 per cent on all es of freight from Eastern points to Atlanta, on grain, wheat, flour, meal and hay. This on grain, wheat, flour, meal and hay. This sill reduce the rate on first-class freight such as soot and shoes, from \$1.14 per 100 to 23 cents. The should not show the merchants of such cities will comply ask the courts to interfere and prohibit. Butter charge for a short haul then for a long and all rates throughout the South are bound come down soon, and rates from the Ohio River than the should be sho NOT TO TRANSMIT POWER HERE.

THE CATARACT GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY MAKING NO PLANS TO LAY A LINE FROM

NIAGARA TO THIS CITY

Reports that the Cataract General Electric Com of this city, is making arrangements to conneither made arrangements for pushing it through We do intend, however, to run a line through to

of the Niagara Fails Power Company. In the hands pany in which we are interested will simply attend to the distribution in Buffalo itself. Its capital amounts to \$2,000,000."

This company, the Cataract Power and Conduit Company, will transact a business distinct from the company in this city. Its distribution in Buffalo will include light and heat as well as power. Following is the list of its directors for the first year: E. D. Adams, John Jacob Astor, D. O. Mills, Daniel O'Day, William B. Rankine, Francis L. Stetson and Edward L. Wicker, of New-York, and Charles R. Huntley and George Urban, jr., of Buffalo.

A LAWYER'S OBSTREPEROUS CLIENT.

the City Court vesterday by Deputy Sheriff Wal-

She was accompanied, however, by a young woman

her name and address, adding that she kept boardlife interest in some property, managed by the

Brooklyn Trust Company, and that her income from this should be \$2,230 a year. She drew \$1,000 of this last May.
"Is there anything there on account for you now?" asked Mr. Benn.
"I don't suppose so," answered Mrs. Schermer-

"I don't suppose so," answered Mrs. Beharmer horn.

"Well. I will take it as a satisfaction of my judgment. Will you give me an order for it?"

"I will give you an order for nothing," said Mrs. Schermerhorn, with vigor.

"What did you do with that \$1,000?"

"I have my own indebtednesses to pay. You find out what I did with it."

Mr. Benn declined to take this answer.

"Then you'll have to make the most of it," replied the debtor.

As Mrs. Schermerhorn refused to answer a number of other questions, Mr. Benn went down before Justice Stover with her.

"You must answer those questions," said the

Mr. Benn, but finally, after a good deal of wrangling with her late counsel, she listened to a suggestion that she would escape trouble if she paid her debt in court, and gave Mr. Benn an order on the Brooklyn Trust Company for \$1.00, held for her at their office, promising to pay \$100 more in cash. The lawyer gave her a receipt, and Mrs. Schermerhorn went home to get the \$100, apparently well satisfied.

LOCAL BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

Henry M. Sacks and Gustave M. L. Sacks, comof dress and millinery trimmings at No. 132 Greene st., made an assignment yesterday to Solomon Strauss, giving preferences for \$5.845 as follows: Margaret Buttenheim, \$1,000; William M. Hines \$1,400; John J. Voorhis, Jersey City, \$3,120, all for money lent, and to George Haven, Boston, \$325 for commissions. The Sheriff on Thursday levied on senior partner, who lives at Madison, N. J., on an attachment for \$6,302 in favor of Ferdinand A. Straus, for goods sold and delivered, and this, it is said, precipitated the assignment of the firm. business was started in 1877 by Sacks & Gloeckner, who were succeeded by the present firm in 1880, on the death of Mr. Gloeckner. They have heretofore claimed a capital of over \$65,000, a large part of which was invested in machinery and plant. Business has been dull in the dress-trimming line for some time, and this season the firm went into the business of manufacturing women's straw hats. year ago tiey claimed assets of \$85,000 and liabili-

Deputy Sheriff Butler is in charge of the office of the Eclipse Electric Lamp Company, at No. 136 Liberty-st. The firm's factory is in Buffalo, with a branch at Eimira. The Sheriff took possession of the office on executions for \$4,025 in favor of the following: Hartford Machine Screw Company, \$2,022; Spaulding Machine Screw Company, of Bufing Machine Screw Company, \$1,125. The company was incorporated in November, 1895, with a capital of \$100,000, to manufacture partable electric lights for bicycles, carriages and miners, and \$50,000 is said to have been invested in the factory, plant and machinery. Thomas H. Spaulding was a large

An attachment has been obtained in the Supreme Court, this city, against Miss Corina de Sarria, the wife of General de Sarria, of Venezuela, for \$541, in favor of John Ferrer, on a note which she made

wife of General de Sarria, of Venezuela, for 1541, in favor of John Ferrer, on a note which she made, dated August 9, 1835, payable at Pier 10. East River, on December 20. The attachment was obtained on the ground that Mrs. Sarria is a resident of Venezuela, that she is about to remove her personal effects from this State, and that the family is to sail for Venezuela to-day. It was stated that she has furniture at No. 86 Garheld Place, Brooklyn, and also in a house on Staten Island.

Edward J. Prest has been appointed receiver in supplementary proceedings for John B. Dewsnap, real estate broker, at No. 1483 Broadway, on the application of Charles L. Camman, Jr., who obtained a judgment against him for 35,885 on April 22, 1896. Mr. Dewsnap will have a fifth interest in the estate of his father on the death of his mother. The estate consists of Nos. 1 to 7 William-st, and \$25,000 in bonds and mortgages, but Mr. Dewsnap has assigned part of his interest to Mr. Camman and the baiance to his mother.

Judgment of \$1,730 was entered yesterday against the Fulton Construction Company, which was formed to construct the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-inth-st, railroad, which has never been operated. In favor of the John Stephenson Company for balance due on ten cars built in 1890.

MRS. MARSHALL'S DEFENCE HEARD,

day at the hearing of the action brought by Andrew Marshall against his wife, Christine Marshall, for an absolute divorce before Referee Sidney J. Cohen. Marshail, a wealthy retired saloon-keeper and owner of blooded horses and a swiftsailing yacht, charges that his wife has been guilty of improper conduct with Richard Gillespie and of improper conduct with Richard Gillespie and William Gaffney, who were his best customers when he conducted a saloon in Harlem. Among the witnesses called yesterday were the defendant's twelve-year-old and eight-year-old daughters. Afterward Mrs. Marshall, the defendant, spent a long time on the stand. She testified that she tended bar for her husband early in the morning, and that he compelled her to drink with customers. Under examination, Mrs. Marshall said that the co-respondents and herself had been the subjects of coarse jokes on the part of her husband. The hearing was adjourned until Monday morning. ROBBERY AND FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

TOUNG HALOIN HELD ON BOTH CHARGES-POST-AGE STAMPS AND TICKETS FOUND

IN HIS ROOM. The name of Alfred Elmer given on Thursday to

mill, at Van Ness Park, is found to be incorrect terday morning, where he admitted that his right

supposed to have been taken then. They are dated longing to Tiffany, the Union Square jeweller, whose home is at Westchester-ave, and the Boulevard. He also confessed that he had broken into a candy

Mrs. Hemmill and her friend, Miss Catherine Mo Ginley, were in court when the case against Haloin was called. Nicholas Kemmy was also present, his right hand bandaged and in a sling, the result of his encounter with the desperate young burgiar. Haloin was charged with robbery and felonious assault. The prisoner was not defended. Magistrate Crane held him in \$2,500 bonds on each charge to answer in General Sessions.

REUNITED IN COURT.

THE CALIFORNIA CHILD WIFE WHO THOUGHT SHE WAS DESERTED RESTORED TO

which showed that he had previously deceive

PRICES IN THE MARKETS.

brollers, \$1; breakfast brollers, 16 cents a pound; Philadelphia fowl, 14 cents; State fowl, 12 cents salad fowl, 10 cents; frozen Vermont ducks, 18 cents; spring duckling, 20 cents; Vermont frozen roasting turkeys, 20 cents, and boiling turkeys, 18

Western dairy butter costs 22 cents a pound, and Elgin creamery butter, 25 cents; cooking butter, 15 cents. Fresh-laid Long Island eggs are 20 cents

In the fish market striped bass sells for 18 cents a pound; pan bass, 14 cents; butterfish, 10 cents; weakfish, 9 cents; porgles, 8 cents; whitefish, 18 cents; large white perch, 18 cents; small white perch, 14 cents; fresh-caught salmon trout, 15 cents Southern Spanish mackerel, Z to 40 cents each large sea bass, 12 cents a pound; small sea bass, 10 cents; Kennebec salmon, 25 cents; large live lobsters, 18 cents; small live lobsters, 14 cents; large live cod, 12 cents; small live cod, 8 cents; market cod, 6 cents; cod steaks, 12 cents; dressed cels, 12 to 15 cents; Long Island kingfish, % cents; chicken half-

6 cents; cod steaks. 12 cents; dressed cels, 12 to 15 cents; Long Island kingfish, 35 cents; chicken hallbut, 18 to 20 cents; large hallbut, 25 cents; haddock, 7 cents, large flounders, 19 cents, and small flounders, 6 cents, and flukes, 11 cents; Long Island brook trout sells for 60 cents a pound, Canada trout, 40 cents, and wild trout, 35 cents.

In the vegetable imarket new kreen corn sells at 25 to 75 cents a dozen ears; cauliflower, 20 to 40 cents; cucumbers, two for 5 cents; carrots, 20 cents a dozen; red and white cabbare, 10 to 20 cents a head; new beets, 7 cents a bunch; string beans, 10 cents a quart; asparagus, 30 to 90 cents a bunch; wax and butter beans, 3 to 12 cents a quart; French artichokes, 25 cents each; red, white and yellow onions, 10 to 25 cents a quart; Spanish onions, 7 cents each; Long Island tomatoes, 30 cents a quart; spinach, 12 cents a half peck; squash, 5 cents each; spinach, 12 cents a half peck; squash, 5 cents each; spinach, 12 cents a half peck; squash, 5 cents a dozen; pers, 10 cents a head; green pens, 15 cents a dozen; pers, 4 cents a bead; green pens, 16 cents a dozen; parsley, 4 cents a bunch; cents a peck; peppers, 25 cents a dozen; parsley, 4 cents a bunch; or cents a bunch; cents, 6 cents a pound; mint, 4 cents a bunch; knob celery, 6 cents; eggplant, 15 cents each, escarole salad, 5 cents a head; lecks, 4 cents a bunch; knob celery, 6 cents; eggplant, 15 cents a bunch; knob celery, 6 cents; a bunch.

LAPANESE FINANCIER ON BRYAN.

A JAPANESE FINANCIER ON BRYAN.

The Japanese financiers who are on their way to Europe to take charge of the war indemnity dequiet day yesterday. Mr. Sonada, president of the Specie Bank of Yokohama, is the only member of the party who has visited New-York before. Sonada, who was seen yesterday afternoon

by a Tribune reporter at the Hotel Majestic, where

the party is staying, said: "This morning we visited the Stock Exchange The Exchange is a great institution. In Japan we change here. We also visited several banks and the Clearing House. The assistant manager of the the Clearing House. The assistant manager of the Clearing House gave us an opportunity to see all that could be seen. It is much larger than the institution that corresponds to it in Japan. That institution is known as the Central Bank of Japan. We expect to leave New-York for London in about a fortnight. Ferhaps some members of the party will visit Washington and Boston. I shall give a dinner to some of the men we have met in a business or social way. The dinner will be given to show our good-will and admiration for the American people."

When asked if the indemnity that is being paid by China would be invested in England, Mr. Sonada said that perhaps some of it would be left in this country. He said he hoped Bryan would not be elected, as an attempt to establish free-silver coinage by this country would, in his opinion, not only create a panic here, but seriously affect the commerce of the world. Chicago had seemed to him to be the stronghold of the free-silverites.

NEW SILVER CERTIFICATES IN DEMAND. Eight thousand of the new one-dollar silver certificates, on the face of which is a design representing History instructing Truth, were received at the Sub-Treasury yesterday. The demand for them was so great that they were all gone before them was so great that they were all gone before noon. At one time there were 200 persons in the line extending from the paying teller's window. The bill did not meet with the approval of the crowd. The verdict was that it resembled a patent medicine label. Experts said it would be easy to counterfeit. STABS HIMSELF SIX TIMES IN BED.

DREAMING THAT HE HAD BEEN AC-

ner" for John Barandon's employment bureau, in Henry Tatje's Hotel, No. 118 Greenwich-st., in ar attempt, it is supposed, to take his life some time the left side of the lower abdomen with a large

Nagel has for a roommate Max Leckelt. The la who was in great pain as the result of the wounds he had inflicted on himself. Leckelt rushed down stairs to the saloon and told Barandon that Nagel had stabbed himself. Barandon went upstairs to Nagel's room, on the second floor, and induced him me downstairs. An ambulance was sum moned by Policeman Jones, of the Church-st. staion, who had been called in, and the injured man was taken to the Hudson Street Hospital.

was taken to the Hudson Street Hospital.

Nagel told a strange story at the hospital. He said that he did not know how he cut himself, but believed he did it while he was asleep and dreaming. He said he dreamed that Harry Tatje, the proprietor of the hotel, had come home from Germany, and that while talking with him Tatje had accused him of some wrongdoing, and that he then exclaimed: "If you don't believe me I will kill myself".

A RUNAWAY IN MADISON-AVE.

At One-hundred-and-sixth-st, a policeman tried to stop the horse, but failed, and the maddened animal turned and dashed eastward. Puck lost his balance as the horse turned, and was thrown headlong to as the horse turned, and was thrown heading to the street, where he lay unconscious. In One-hun-dred-and-fith-st., near Third-ave., Stefano Deudo, an Italian, twenty-five years old, of No. 412 East One-hundred-and-thirteenth-st., was knocked down and his left ankle dislocated.

A crowd by that time was in pursuit of the run-away, and succeeded in stopping it between Second and Third aves. An ambulance was sent for, which took the Italian to the Presbyterian Hospital. Puck refused to be treated by the ambulance surgeon, and was taken home. His only injury was a scalp wound.

WEALTHY SPANISH WOMAN FREED.

THE CHARGE OF SHOPLIFTING AGAINST HER AND THE TWO LITTLE GIRLS WITHDRAWN.

The wealthy Spanish woman and the two little girls arrested for shoplifting, who when arraigned in Jefferson Market Court on July 13, on a charge of larceny, gave the fictitious names of Mrs. Marie Delgado, Sophia Delgado and Tuana Rodriguez,

Gilson, of No. 22 William-st., and Henry A. Mac Dona appeared for the defence. G. R. Leghorn, the

CITY MARSHAL VOULLAIRE RESIGNS. M. P. Belmont Voullaire, of No. 314 West One

hundred-and-twenty-seventh-st., handed in his resignation as a city marshal yesterday at the Mayor's office. He asked that it take effect at 4 p. m. Mr. "I am resigning to be a candidate for the Repub-

ttean nomination for the Assembly in the XXIIId District, where I live. The Constitution makes can didates for the Legislature ineligible if they are holding a municipal or State office within 100 days previous to the election. I am eligible now, as my resignation as city marshal takes effect the full 100 days before November 3, with twenty-four hours to spare."

to spare."

The present member of the Assembly from the XXIIId District is John M. Delmour, Tammany Democrat, whose plurality was 123 in a poll of 8,290 votes. Mr. Vouliaire was appointed a city marshal by Mayor Strong in June of last year. He was the first secretary of the Anti-Machine Republican Organization, but withdrew with General Michael Kerwin in 1894 and became a machine follower.

COMMITTEES OF THE ALBANY SOCIETY. Frederick P. Olcott, president of the Albany So-

standing committees: Executive Committee-Frank W. Sabold, chairman: Louis Stern, William Goeghan, Henry Rowlands and John A. Sielcher.
Finance Committee—John A. McCall, chairman;

Entertainment Committee—Dr. Maurice J. Lewi, chairman; Taomas P. Willard, Edward E. McCall,

Rufus W. Peckham, fr., and Charles E. Merrihew. Reception Committee-Dr. S. O. Van der Poel, chairman: Charles B. Cole. James A. Bailey, Isldor Lewi and Thomas Wilson. The annual dinner of the society will take place at Demonico's on December 15.

A RUSH TO PAY WATER RENTS. Columbus O. Johnson, the Water Register, and

his clerks and subordinates are busy men these days. The Water Register's office is on the ground floor of the American Tract Society Building, just noiders who owe water rents and do not pay up be cent. The average amount received daily sometimes exceeds \$40,000.000 a year for Croton water. The money goes into the general fund to help pay the interest on the city debt. The city used last year \$68,000.000,000 gallons of water. The daily consumption is now 231,000,000 gallons. This amounts to about 115 gallons a day for each inhabitant, counting the resident and transient population of New-York at 2,000,000.

REMINISCENCES OF BISHOP COXE. A correspondent contributes the following remi-

when the reporter expressed his astonishment at an Englishman's knowledge of the Hudson River and all its environs, and when the dean produced a map as a guide to all the places which he was about to visit. Great was the surprise of the reporter when the dean declared "it was his first visit to the Hudson." It is needless to add that the information which he possessed and the map were what had been given to him by the good Bishop.

MR. CRANE'S REMOVAL NOT ASKED.

VELT DENY THAT SUCH A REQUE

confessed thief. This communication of O'Brien's was sent to the Mayor, to which I replied, stating

LOW PRICES FOR AMERICAN FRUITS.

shipped to Engiand on the American Line steam-ship St. Louis were sold at auction in London yesterday at low and unsatisfactory prices, despite the fact that they were reported to have been landed

A leading receiver of California fruit in this city, who was one of its pioneer exporters, said to a Tribune reporter yesterday: "The fruit taken over by the St. Louis was a direct through shipment from California to Isaacs & Sons, in London. A member of that firm, who was here last spring went to California and made arrangements there for the shipment to be made. No New-York firm was financially interested in the venture or had anything to do with it so far as I have been able to

the pears, which were Bartletts, were so small that they were unfit for first-class trade, and were sold for an average price of from only 5s. 6d. to 8s. a box, or from \$1.32 to \$1.92 a box in United States money Some were sold as low as 4s. 6d. a box, and a few fetched 10s. 6d. The boxes contain fifty pounds of some were sold as low as 4s, 6d. a box, and a few fetched 10s, 6d. The boxes contain fifty pounds of pears each, and they are now selling at from \$1.25 to \$2.15, or an average of about \$1.50 a box right here in our home market, so that when the freight, insurance, cost of handling, etc., of those sold in London to-day are taken into account the average prices realized are relatively much lower than those now ruling here, and show a loss to the shippers. The plums, of which there were only a few in comparison with the quantity of pears offered, were sold for 7s, 6d, per crate, each containing four hoxes. They were brought into direct competition with the French product, which is large and of excellent quality. Only thirteen boxes of the invoice were damaged.

"The exportation of California fruit is a most risky undertaking. It has been going on at intervals for several years, but much more money has been lost than made in it. Occasionally shipments have turned out profitably, but, as a rule, the reverse has been the case, for, even though the fruit be choice and in prime condition, the competition with the prolific crops of the European continent is sure to keep down the prices of the California fruit is landed in London in so bad a condition that it has to be abandoned or sold at ruinously low prices.

FAVORABLE TO CAPTAIN MARTENS.

TESTIMONY AS TO HIS GOOD CHARACTER-THE LIEVE HAMILTON UNDER OATH.

Before Commissioner Roosevelt at Police Head quarters yesterday the trial of Captain Frederick W. Martens, of the East Thirty-fifth-st, station, on charges of taking a bribe of \$15 from Moses D. ilton for designating the latter's store, at Tre mont, as a polling-place for the election in 1891, was continued. Mr. Moss, the counsel of the Parkhurst society, who is prosecuting the charges against Martens, and Superintendent Dennett of the society were on hand early and had a secret conference with President Roosevelt before the trial was re-sumed. At the last hearing Captain Martens was on the stand, and swore that Hamilton's charges were false. He made a good impression, and the belief is that he will be cleared of the charges.

Mr. House examined the Captain as to the action

taken by him against the Iroquols Hotel, at No. 618 Third-ave. At the last hearing Mr. Moss asked the to raid the hotel in question and that the society finally closed the place. Captain Martens yesterday testified that he made a report about the Iroquots After Captain Martens had left the stand, Mr.

House called several witnesses who testified to the good character of the Captain. A number of bust ness men in Captain Martens's precinct also testified to his efficiency as a police officer. They said that Captain Martens maintained good order in the district and they were well satisfied with him. One of the witnesses, Mr. Hoenniger, said that all the store-keepers in Thind-ave, regarded Captain Martens as one of the most efficient men on the force. Louis H. Prager, a trunk manufacturer at No. 68 Third-ave, said that Captain Martens had made his precinct perfectly clean. He had driven out the policy-shops and disorderly people. Prager spoke of one particular policy-shop opposite his store which Captain Martens had broken up.

"That was one of Parker's places, wasn't it?" asked Mr. Moss. "He was the policy king."

Prager said he did not know. Mr. Moss referred to the influence brought to bear in Parker's case when the latter was on trial a few months ago.

George W. Miller, a carriage manufacturer, of No. 1,955 West Farms road, was then called. He was formerly the business partner of Moses D. Hamilton, Captain Martens's accuser. It came out that Miller was also the stepson of Hamilton. Mr. Miller was an unwilling witness. Mr. House asked him what was Hamilton's reputation for truth and veractiv.

"Not good so far as my own dealings with him ness men in Captain Martens's precinct also testified

what was Hamilton's reputation for truth and veracity.

Not good so far as my own dealings with him
are concerned," replied Milier.

"Now, tell me whether you would believe him
under oath or not?" asked Mr. House.
The witness was loath to reply. Mr. House insisted
upon having the question answered, and Mr. Miller
said there was a time when he had confidence in
Hamilton, but he was sorry to say he could not now
believe him under oath. Witness further testified
that Hamilton had tried to ruin him financially.

Several other witnesses were examined who testified to Capitaln Martens's good character, and the
case was then closed.

HOPE BOOTH AND MR. HAMILTON BAILED Hope Booth, the actress, and John W. Hamilton theatrical manager, accompanied by their attorney, Maurice Meyer, went to Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning to have the amount of their bail determined. The defendants are charged ball determined. The defendants are charged with giving an immoral performance at the American Theatre roof-garden. Magistrate Deuel said he would hold each in \$300 ball. The lawyer offered as surety James B. March, a contractor, of No. 39 Marion-st. March was accepted and the bonds were drawn up.

A correspondent contributes the following reminiscences of the late Bishop Coxe was fond of rouning about Tarrytown and those places on the Hudson made historical by Washington Irving. He distinct the Bishop, who was yesterday in order that he might have the case the noticed that the Bishop, who was very fond of Irving, seemed to copy his style in writing, because his English was commented upon an order that he might have the case to the Court of Special Sessions for Monday, as he desired to have it tried by the places in the places and the places and the anniversary of Bt. Augustine's College, Canterly, that the American Bishop was a master of the purest Anglo-Saxon, and that he would have been willing, even at his time of life for he was an oil mani, to risk a voyage across the Atlantic simply to hear facture trip from abroad. Dean Standard was fellow-passenger of the Bishop's, and knowing that the latter took pride in all historical associations portaining to his native land, the dean asked him especially in regard to the Hudson River and the places made famous by Washington Irving. The Hishop gave him all the needed information, while the dean sat a rapt listener. To make more plain what he had told the dean, he dean the more plain what he had told the dean, he dean thanked the Bishop warmly for all the fortunate man was executed.

The charge in the system of transferring the mail from incoming steamers will go into effect on a skelch him especially in regard to the Hudson and the old church especially in regard to the Hudson and the old church especially in regard to the Hudson and the old church especially in regard to the Hudson and the old church especially in regard to the Hudson asked the Bishop warmly for all the quality at the place where the mail from microming steamers now discharge their mail regard to the New-York paper to read an account, as given the place where the various historical places on the Hudson especially in the standard the place where the various historical places on the Hudson es

A Cool Wave

in thirty pages.

Read to-morrow's

Sunday **Tribune**

and be refreshed and entertained by it, regardless of weather conditions. It is filled with matter of present interest, well written, well edited, well printed.

Here is a partial list of its features :

Dangers of Surf Bathing. Causes of the deadly "sea

puss"-Advice from a bathing master. Slang Nomenclature of

Politics. Curious nicknames which

have become a part of American history.

A King for Baden. Ex-Attache tells the ro-

Grand Duke, whom it is proposed to raise to a higher dignity. Costly Table Luxuries.

What epicures are willing

mance in the family of the

to pay for gastronomic rari-

Vacant Lot Farms. Some of the experiences of

the amateur agriculturists

in Long Island City.

Tragedies of the Sea. Some grewsome histories recalled by the triple murder aboard the barkentine

The Bertillon System at

Herbert Fuller.

Sing Sing. Measuring the convicts for identification-How different individuals take it.

Eusapia Paladino.

The strange doings of an Italian peasant woman who has become a wonderworker, to the mystification of scientists.

Fashions in Athletics.

The changing vogue of popular games among a novelty-seeking people.

News,

Fiction, Fashion, Music, Criticism,

all these subjects are treated in the attractive stylcharacteristic of the

Sunday Tribune.